



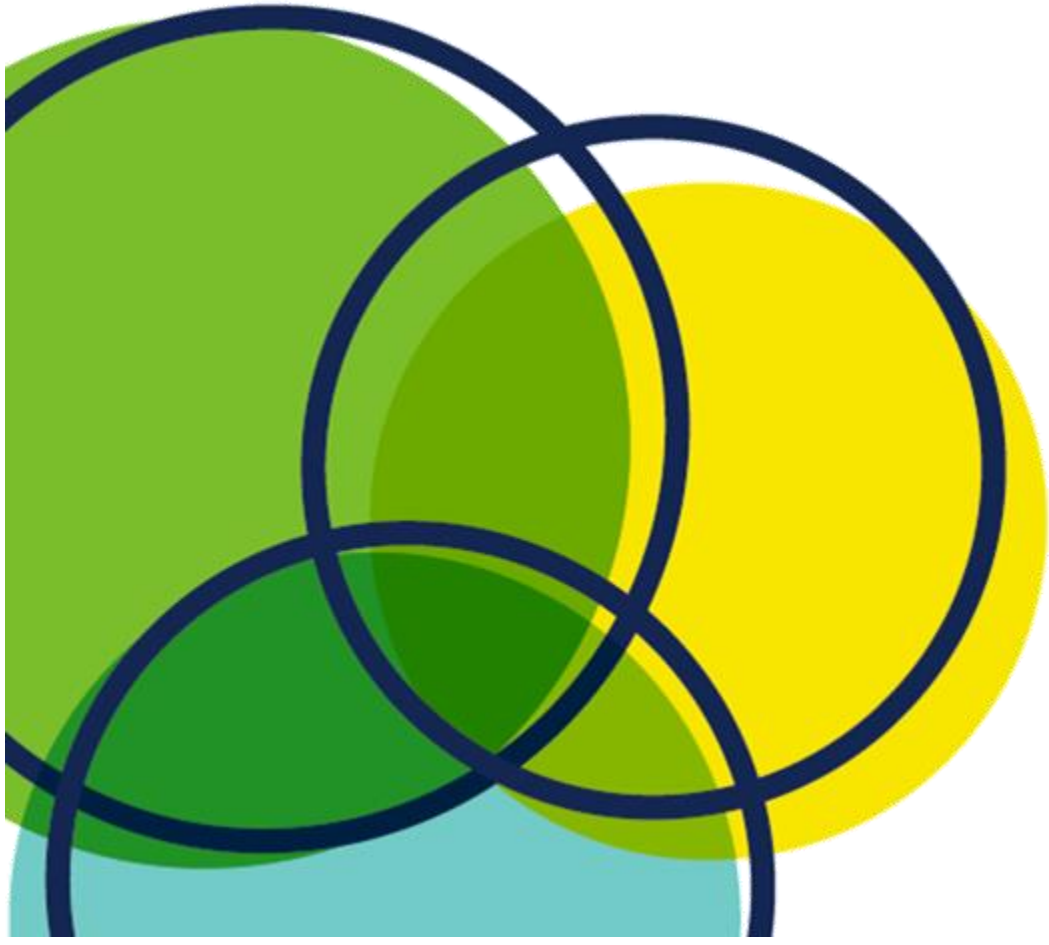
George Dixon
Primary School

MEET THE TEACHER

Welcome to Year 3

The classes are Dolphins and Jellyfish

Taught by: Mr Nightingale, Mrs Kaur
Mrs Pychova and Mrs Chouhan



AGENDA



- Who's who
- Children will learn about
- Behaviour and attendance
- Our one school rule
- PE days
- Reading at home
- Homework
- Getting in touch
- Dates for your diary

WHO'S WHO



DOLPHINS: MR NIGHTINGALE AND MRS
KAUR

JELLYFIDH: MRS PYCHOVA AND MRS
CHOUHAN

CHILDREN WILL LEARN ABOUT



Reading	Writing	Maths	Science	History	Geography
Skills taught: Retrieval, Inference, Prediction, Word meaning in context, Comprehension.	A range of fiction and non-fiction texts will be covered, children will learn the features of each and how to write in that genre.	Number and place value, fractions and decimals, addition, subtraction, multiplication and division, Time.	Soil, rocks and fossils. Forces and Magnets, Health and Movement, How Plants grow, Light and Shadows	The Stone Age. The Iron Age. Ancient Egypt.	Climate and Weather, Coasts, Our World
PSHE	Computing	Art	DT	RE	Music
We learn how to get along together and discuss friendships and feelings.	Online Safety What is a computer?; networks; programming; creating media; data handling.	Prehistoric Art Formal Elements shape and tone Craft	Castles Mechanical Toys Eating Seasonally	Learning from and about world religions.	We will learn both djembe and violin.

Key stage 2 classes also learn French – greetings, basic vocabulary – colours, days of the week, simple rhymes and songs.

BEHAVIOUR & ATTENDANCE



- We expect the highest standards of behaviour at all times, parents help is vital to making this work
- Sign up for Class Dojo
- Children must come to school everyday
- Arriving after 8:55 is late

Attendance during one school year	Equals this number of days absent	Which is approximately this many weeks absent	Which means this number of lessons missed
90%	19 days	4 weeks	100 lessons
80%	38 days	8 weeks	200 lessons
70%	57 days	11.5 weeks	290 lessons

OUR ONE SCHOOL RULE



If what you are doing interferes with learning, hurts someone, or prevents you from being your best self, you shouldn't be doing it!

PE DAYS



- ***P.E. day is every Tuesday.***
- Come dressed and ready, appropriate for the season/weather
- PE kit is all black, you can use any supplier!

MUSIC LESSONS



- *We learn how to play the djembe and the violin.*
- *Outside professionals come to our school and teach Music lessons on Thursdays every week.*
- *Violin teacher is Anna.*
- *Djembe teacher is Jag.*



READING AT HOME



- Nothing is more important for your children than helping them learn to read
- They should read every single day: with you, to you, to siblings, be read to by you
- Books from school
- Accelerated Reader / Phonics book
- ebook catalogue
- Fines for losing/damaging books

HELPING YOUR CHILD AT HOME



- Homework – Read every day at least for 30 minutes
- Communication through Class Dojo
- Retrieval Practice
- Knowledge organisers

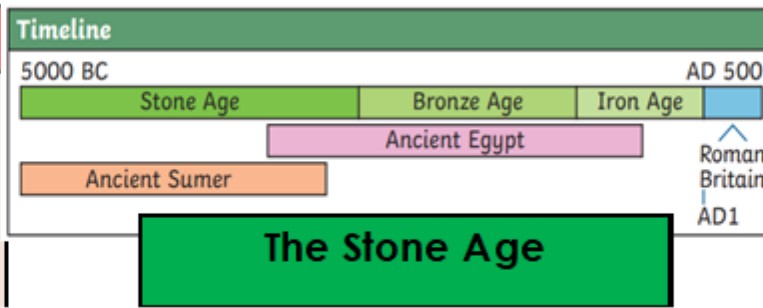
HELPING YOUR CHILD AT HOME



Hunters and Gatherers in the Stone Age

In the early Stone Age, which we call the Palaeolithic, people were hunters and they found food by roaming from place to place in different seasons.

In the late Stone Age, which is called the Neolithic, the way people lived changed a lot because they began to settle into farming villages instead of moving from place to place.



Vocabulary	
Stone Age	The earliest period of human culture when stone tools were first used.
Neolithic	The youngest part of the Stone Age. The word "neolithic" comes from two words in Greek: "neo", meaning "new" and "lithic", meaning "stone"
Homo Sapiens	Humans
Pre-historic	Before written records
Forage	To look widely for nourishment or other provisions.
Hunters gatherers	People who live by hunting, fishing and collecting wild fruits and nuts
Hillfort	Places built on top of hills, used as settlements and defensive spaces
Artefact	An object that has been made by a person, such as a tool or a decoration, especially one that is of historical interest
Flint	A piece of hard grey or black stone
Settlement	A place where people come to live or the process of settling in such a place .
Agriculture	Farming
Tribes	A group of people that share common origins.

Important places	
Skara Brae	Skara Brae is a stone-built Neolithic settlement, located on the Bay of Skail on the west coast of Mainland, the largest island in the Orkney archipelago of Scotland.
Stone-henge	A prehistoric monument in Wiltshire, England. It consists of a ring of standing stones, with each standing stone around 13 feet high, 7 feet wide and weighing around 25 tons.

The Stone Age

Palaeolithic	Mesolithic	Neolithic
<p>Around 3,000,000 BC</p> <p>Britain is still connected by land to France and Denmark.</p> <p>Homo habilis slowly develop into Homo sapiens (modern humans).</p> <p>Hunter-gatherers live off berries, nuts, fish and wild animals and some shelter from the cold in caves.</p>	<p>Around 10,000 BC</p> <p>The last Ice Age in Britain comes to an end.</p> <p>People live nomadic lives but might settle for several weeks in one place near a water supply, such as a river.</p> <p>Stone tools are still used but are polished, sharpened and adapted for use as spears and arrowheads.</p>	<p>Around 4,500 - 2,400 BC</p> <p>People begin to settle in villages.</p> <p>Homes are either rectangular in shape and made from wood and wattle and daub or round in shape and made from stone.</p> <p>Farming begins and crops, such as barley and wheat are grown.</p> <p>People start to domesticate horses.</p> <p>The building of Stonehenge begins.</p> <p>People learn how to weave to make clothes.</p>

The Stone Age

A prehistoric period when weapons and tools were made of stone or of organic materials such as bone, wood, or horn. Cave-men also used stones to light fires. These stone tools are the earliest known human tools.

The Stone Age began about 2.6 million years ago, when researchers found the earliest evidence of humans using stone tools, and lasted until about 3,300 B.C. when the Bronze Age began.

Critical Thinking

How was the life of a hunter gatherer different to yours today?

Were ancient people any more or less happy than we are today?

GETTING IN TOUCH



- At the end of the school day for day-to-day communication
- Make an appointment to see teachers via the school office for anything else
- Message us on **Class Dojo's**

DATES FOR YOUR DIARY



- October half term 30th – 3rd November.
- Last day of Autumn term on Friday 22nd December.
- Parents' Evening will be in the week of 25th October.
- Other dates will come out in Dixon's Diary, always read emails from school and check Class Dojo regularly.